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correlated to the

Indiana Academic Standards for Social Studies (July 2014), Grade 7: Peoples, Places and Cultures in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific

	Standards	Page References	
	Standard 1 History		
	Students examine the major movements, events and figures that contributed to the development of nations in modern Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific from ancient civilizations to modern times by examining religious institutions, trade and cultural interactions, political		
institutions, and technological developments.			
Historiaal I	Tanwindan		
Historical K	8		
	zations, States and Empires: 3500 B.C./B.C.E. to 650 A.D./C.E.		
7.1.1	Identify and explain the conditions that led to the rise of early river	SE/TE: 116-121, 122-126, 278-282, 310-314, 472-477,	
	valley civilizations* and evaluate how the achievements in art,	506-509	
	architecture, written language, and religion of those civilizations		
	influenced their respective forms of government and social hierarchies.		
	*River Valley Civilizations: Nile (Ancient Egypt), Tigris and Euphrates		
	(Mesopotamia), Indus (Ancient India), and Huang He (Ancient China).		
The Spread of Cultural, Economic, Social and Political Ideas: 500 B.C. (B.C.E.) – 1600 A.D. (C.E.)			
7.1.2	Describe, compare, and contrast the historical origins, central beliefs and	SE/TE: 144-151, 152-159, 160-164, 170-173, 174-179,	

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	Standards	Page References
	spread of major religions.	180-185, 186-189, 478-483, 484-489
	Example: Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity and Islam.	
7.1.3	Assess the development of sub-Saharan civilizations in Africa and the importance of political and trading centers	SE/TE: 326-333, 334-349, 340-343, 376-379, 398-401, 420-423, 440-445
7.1.4	Describe the importance of the Silk Road on the histories of Europe, Africa, and Asia.	SE/TE: 248, 333, 489, 516-417
7.1.5	Explain the influence of Muslim civilization on the growth of cities, the development of trade routes, political organizations, scientific and cultural contributions, and the basis for the early banking system to other cultures of the time.	SE/TE: 180-185, 186-189
7.1.6	Describe the institution of slavery in its various forms in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific and analyze the impact slavery had on different civilizations.	SE/TE: 175, 377, 380-381, 391, 421
7.1.7	Trace the rise, spread and influence of the Mongols.	
Major Civi	lizations, States and Empires: 300 – 1650	
7.1.8	Describe the rise, contributions, and decline of the Chinese dynasties. Example: The dynastic cycle and the influence of Confucianism.	SE/TE: 510-517, 518-523, 524-527, 528-535
7.1.9	Demonstrate how Japan became increasingly independent of earlier Chinese influences and developed its own political, religious, social and artistic traditions. Example: Feudalism, shogunate court life, samurai culture.	SE/TE: 597-601
Evaloration	n, Conquest and Post-Colonial States: 1500 to the Present	
Expidiation	i, Conquest and 1 ost-Colonial States. 1300 to the 1 resent	

	Standards	Page References
7.1.10	Analyze worldwide voyages of exploration and discovery by considering multiple perspectives of various people in the past by demonstrating their differing motives, beliefs, interests, hopes, and fears.	SE/TE: 187, 342, 531-532, 723-726
	Example: The voyages of the Ming dynasty, and Ibn Battuta.	
7.1.11	Explain the reasons for European colonization of Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific and analyze the long and short term impact that colonization and imperialism had on the social, political, and economic development of these societies from both European and indigenous perspectives.	SE/TE: 377, 380-381, 399-400, 421, 548, 625, 626, 726-727
7.1.12	Analyze the Japanese imperial period (1868-1945), including Japan's involvement in World War II.	SE/TE: 598, 601
7.1.13	Identify and explain the significance of historical events in the Middle East since the end of World War II.	SE/TE: 205, 207-208, 210-213, 225-227, 231-233, 235-237, 249, 253-257
	Example: The partition of the British Palestine Mandate (1947), the Suez Canal crisis (1956), the Arab-Israeli Six Day War (1967), the formation of Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC, 1960), the Iranian Hostage Crisis (1979), the Gulf Wars (1991, 2003), the War on Terrorism (2001- present).	
7.1.14	Identify and explain recent conflicts and political issues between nations or cultural groups and evaluate the solutions that different organizations have utilized to address these conflicts.	SE/TE: 99-100, 207, 231, 254, 626, 746-751, 752-757, 758-763
	ical Thinking, Historical Comprehension, Analysis and Interpretation, R	
7.1.15	Create and compare timelines that identify major people and events and developments in the history of civilization and/or countries of Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 138, 172, 291, 510

	Standards	Page References
7.1.16	Analyze cause-and-effect relationships, bearing in mind multiple causation in the role of individuals, beliefs and chance in history.	SE/TE: 122-126, 127-131, 132-137, 144-150, 152-159, 160-164, 170-173, 180-185, 201-202, 204-205, 230-231, 234-235, 283-290, 291-297, 310-314, 315-319, 326-331, 334-339, 472-477, 478-483, 484-489, 490-494, 495-499, 506-509, 510-515, 518-523, 524-527, 528-535, 680-687, 688-695, 698-705, 714-719, 720-727, 728-734, 736-740, 746-751, 752-757, 758-763, 775-776, 780-781, 785-786, 798-799, 806-807, 822-824, 828-829, 842-843, 846-847, 850-851, 866-868, 878
7.1.17	Distinguish between unsupported expressions of opinion and informed hypotheses grounded in historical evidence.	SE/TE: 14, 50, 100, 126, 128, 133, 155, 167, 172, 193, 205, 290, 297, 304, 317, 320, 323, 330, 347, 377, 381, 411, 480, 486, 497, 503, 521, 529, 530, 636, 659, 690
7.1.18	Compare and contrast perspectives of history in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific using fictional and nonfictional accounts including visual, literary, art, and musical sources.	SE/TE: 14, 50, 73, 100, 126, 128, 133, 155, 167, 172, 193, 205, 214, 290, 297, 304, 317, 320, 323, 330, 347, 377, 381, 387, 411, 480, 486, 497, 503, 521, 529, 530, 560, 636, 659, 662
Students trac	Civics and Government e the development of different forms of government in different historical e ia and the Southwest Pacific in terms of power, approach to human rights a	
Foundations	s of Government	
7.2.1	Compare, contrast, and evaluate the different routes to independence from colonial rule taken by countries in Asia, Africa and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 377, 400, 421, 549, 625, 626
	Example: Australia, India and South Africa.	

	Standards	Page References
7.2.2	Compare and contrast historical and contemporary governments in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific. Examples: Japan, North Korea, India, South Africa, and China.	SE/TE: 91-92, 122-123, 203, 205-206, 225-226, 233, 236-237, 399-400, 447-448, 554-555, 577, 578-579, 598, 602, 608, 610
Functions	of Government	
7.2.3	Describe how major forms of governments of Japan, North Korea, India, South Africa and China currently protect or violate the human rights of their citizens.	SE/TE: 91-92, 122-123, 203, 205-206, 225-226, 233, 236-237, 399-400, 447-448, 554-555, 577, 578-579, 598, 602, 608, 610
7.2.4	Compare and contrast the functions of international organizations in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 99, 100, 225, 229, 442, 447
Role of Ci	tizens	
7.2.5	Define, compare and contrast citizenship and the citizen's role in the government of selected countries of Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 122-123, 203, 205-206, 225-226, 233, 236-237, 399-400, 447-448, 554-555, 577, 578-579, 598, 602, 608, 610
Students us characteris technologie	Geography se technology and grid systems to identify and categorize places (physical, cultics (human and physical), and regions in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Paces to analyze relationships within and between these regions and the rest of the lin Spatial Terms	ific. They use geographic skills, perspectives, and
7.3.1	Formulate a broad understanding of the location of countries of Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 108, 268, 460, , 656, R43, R51, R53
7.3.2	Formulate a broad understanding of the location of capital cities in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific using latitude and longitude on maps and with locational technology such as Global Positioning Systems and Geographic Information Systems.	SE/TE: H2, 27, 108, 268, 460, , 656, R43, R51, R53

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	Standards	Page References
Places an	nd Regions	
7.3.3	Use historical maps to identify changes in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific over time.	SE/TE: 117, 120, 123, 134, 136, 141, 143, 151, 153, 157, 158, 161, 169, 179, 183, 185, 202, 207, 209, 212, 217, 228, 231, 259, 260, 263, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 277, 279, 293, 309, 311, 325, 362, 369, 380, 388, 391, 416, 418, 455, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 471, 473, 477, 491, 492, 500, 505, 516, 520, 529, 554, 572, 580, 589, 596, 606, 609, 615, 623, 651, 656, 665
7.3.4	Identify major physical characteristics of regions of Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific, such as deserts, basins, plains, mountains, and rivers, and describe their formation.	SE/TE: 116-119, 120-121, 196-199, 220-223, 244-247, 266, 350-353, 372-375, 394-397, 414-417, 436-439, 464, 500, 542-545, 566-569, 592-595, 618-621
Physical	Systems	
7.3.5	Describe ecosystems of Africa's deserts, Asia's mountain regions, and the coral reefs of Australia and use multiple information resources to discover environmental concerns that these ecosystems are facing today.	SE/TE: 116-119, 120-121, 196-199, 220-223, 244-247, 266, 350-353, 372-375, 394-397, 414-417, 436-439, 464, 500, 542-545, 566-569, 592-595, 618-621
7.3.6	Compare and contrast the distribution of natural resources in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific; describe how natural resource distribution can impact the wealth of a country.	SE/TE: 49, 68-71, 93, 77, 109, 223, 246, 247, 269, 353, 362-363, 365, 375, 383, 384, 385, 403, 417, 425, 438-439, 449, 545, 569, 595, 603, 610, 621, 630, 635, 636-637, 646, 654, 659
7.3.7	Describe the limitations that climate and land forms place on land or people in regions of Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 116-119, 120-121, 196-199, 220-223, 244-247, 266, 350-353, 372-375, 394-397, 414-417, 436-439, 464, 500, 542-545, 566-569, 592-595, 618-621

	Standards	Page References
Human S	ystems	
7.3.8	Identify current trends and patterns of rural and urban population distribution in selected countries of Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific and analyze the causes for these patterns.	SE/TE: 79, 86-90, 206, 275, 404, 425, 430, 433, 469, 563, 579, 606, 778-779, 808, 809, 830-832, 868-870
	Example: Life expectancy, income, literacy rate, industry, education, natural resources, and climate.	
7.3.9	Provide examples of ethnocentrism and how this attitude affected the relationships between different peoples in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 83, 202, 211, 251, 252, 378, 405, 407, 421, 422, 558, 443-444, 559, 573-574, 626, 648-649
Environn	nent and Society	
7.3.10	Analyze current issues and developments related to the environment in selected countries in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific.	SE/TE: 33, 256-257, 429, 451, 580, 581, 607, 609, 657, 661
Standard	4 Economics	
Students e Pacific.	examine the influence of physical and cultural factors upon the economic system.	ems found in countries of Africa, Asia and the Southwest
7.4.1	Explain how voluntary trade benefits countries and results in higher standards of living in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific. Example: Voluntary trade results in increased production, increased	SE/TE: 99, 115, 125, 136-137, 162, 171, 180-181, 248, 284, 292-293, 316, 319, 327-329, 377, 380-381, 399, 420-421, 441-442, 473, 520-521, 530, 603, 636
	consumption of goods and services, and lower prices for consumers.	330, 603, 636
7.4.2	Illustrate how international trade requires a system for exchanging currency between and among nations.	SE/TE: 805
7.4.3	Trace the development and change over time of the economic systems (traditional*, command*, market* and mixed*) of various cultures,	SE/TE: 94, 572-573, 577, 583, 598, 601, 610, 625, 626, 633

	Standards	Page References
	societies or nations in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific, and analyze why these changes occurred over time	
	* traditional economy: an economy in which resources are allocated based on custom and tradition * command economy: an economy in which resources are allocated by the government or other central authority * market economy: an economy in which resources are allocated by individuals and businesses responding to changes in prices * mixed economy: an economy in which resources are allocated by some combination of traditional, command or market systems	
7.4.4	Compare and contrast the standard of living of various countries in Africa, Asia, and the Southwest Pacific using Gross Domestic Product (GDP)* per capita as an indicator; hypothesize how factors, including urbanization, industrialization, and globalization could affect the differences in the standard of living statistics. * Gross Domestic Product (GDP): the value of all final goods and services produced in a country in a year	SE/TE: 94, 95, 103
7.4.5	Analyze different methods that countries in Africa, Asia and the Southwest Pacific have used to increase their citizens' individual human capital*. * human capital: the skills and expertise people acquire from education, training, and experience.	Opportunities to address this standard may be found on the following pages: SE/TE: 124-126, 335, 337, 338
7.4.6	Identify ways that societies deal with helpful and harmful externalities (spillovers*) in Africa, Asia or the Southwest Pacific. Example: Government support of public education and governments	Opportunities to address this standard may be found on the following pages: SE/TE: 94, 295, 329, 511, 530, 577

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	Standards	Page References
1	taxing or regulating pollution	
	* externality (spillover): the impact of an activity (positive or negative) on the well-being of a third party	